L'ARBI BEN MHIDI UNIVERSITY – OEB-Institute of Technology and Applied Sciences – Ain Mlila – Departement of Network and telecommunication

Name: Group:

First English exam

Task one: put each prefix next to its meaning, use the exemples to help you get the right meaning. (5p)

| <u>Prefixes</u> | <u>Meanings</u> | |
|-----------------------------------|---|--|
| 1. Tele- (telescope) | a. twice or by twos (7) | |
| 2. Pre- (preview) | b. one, same, whole (8) | |
| 3. Mis- (misunderstanding) | c. again, back (5) | |
| 4. De- (delete) | d. under or low (10) | |
| 5. Re- (revisit) | e. not (6) | |
| 6. Un- (unimpressed) | f. remove or reduce (4) | |
| 7. Bi- (biweekly) | g. wrong, bad (3) | |
| 8. Mono- (monochrome) | h. many, (usually more than two) (9) | |
| 9. Multi- (multiplexor) | i. far, distant (1) | |
| 10. Sub- (subschema) | j. before (2) | |

Task two: fill the gaps with the appropriate word formation (4p)

| Noun | Adjective | Verb |
|-----------|-----------|-------------|
| Depth | Deep | To deepen |
| Thickness | Thick | To thicken |
| Height | High | To heighten |
| Speed | Fast | To speed up |

Task three: (3p)

What are the three main types of transmission modes in Telecom? Explain them briefly

Simplex: one way communication, either send or receive

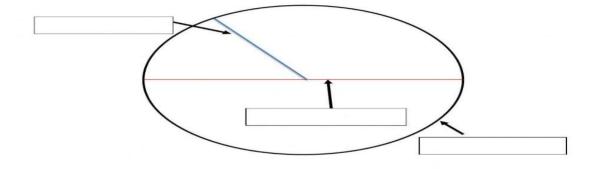
Half duplex: 2 way communication, send & receive messages but one at a time

Full duplex: 2 way communication. Send & receive messages at the same time.

Task four: put each words next to its definitions (5p)

| Wire .1 | device which maps the binary strings into coded bits or transmission. (7) waveforms for |
|----------------------------|--|
| wave .2 | tianomicolom (/) wavelerme lei |
| analogue .3 | a device which maps the source into a set of binary strings(6) |
| amplitude .4 modulation | a system in which data is represented as a continuously varying voltage(3) |
| frequency .5 modulation | |
| sOurce .6 | a thin piece of metal for conducting electrical current (1) |
| encoder channel .7 | a wave suitable for modulation by an information-bearing signal (10) |
| encoder | |
| degradation .8 | an electric, electromagnetic, acoustic, mechanical or other form whose physical activity rises and falls as it travels through a |
| distort .9 | medium (2) |
| carrier .10 wave | the deterioration in quality, level, or standard of performance(8) |
| | to fail to reproduce accurately the characteristics of the input (9) |
| | where audio signals increase and decrease the amplitude of the .carrier (4)wave |
| | where voltage levels change the frequency of a carrier wave (5) |

Task five: label the following elements of the circle (3p)



- 2/ diameter
- 3/ circumference