



Level: 1st year(Mathematics+CS (MI))

Date: 15/05/2025

Module: Algorithmic and Data Structures 2

Duration: 1h30m

Exam

Typical solution

Exercice n°01: (10 points)

1. (2 pts)

Function *Nbr_Div* (**n: integer**): **integer**;

Variable **i, S: integer**;

Begin

S $\leftarrow$ 2 ;

For **i** $\leftarrow$ 2 to (**n** div 2) **do**

If (**n** mod **i** = 0) **then**

S $\leftarrow$ **S**+**i** ;

Endif

EndFor

Nbr_Div $\leftarrow$ **S**;

End;

2. (2 pts)

Procedure *P_Prime* (**n: integer**);

Variable **S: integer**;

Begin

S $\leftarrow$ **Nbr_Div** (**n**);

If (**S** = 2) **then**

write (**n**, “is a prime number”);

Else

write (**n**, “is not a prime number”);

Endif

End;

3. (2 pts)

Function *F_Prime* (**n: integer**): **boolean**;

Variable *S*: **integer**;

Begin

S ← *Nbr_Div* (*n*);

If (*S* = 2) **then**

F_Prime ← **true**;

Else

F_Prime ← **false**;

Endif

End;

4. (2 pts)

Algorithm *Prime*;

Variables *Bool* : **boolean**, *n*: **integer**; // here *Bool* and *n* are global variables

//Declaration and definition of subroutines 1, 2, 3.

Function *Nbr_Div* (**n: integer**): **integer**; // here, “n” is a formal parameter.

Variable *i*, *S*: **integer**; // here *i* and *S* are local variables

Begin

S ← 2 ;

For *i* ← 2 to (*n* div 2) **do**

If (*n* mod *i* = 0) **then**

S ← *S*+*i* ;

Endif

EndFor

Nbr_Div ← *S*;

End;

Procedure *P_Prime* (**n: integer**); // here, “n” is a formal parameter.

Variable *S*: **integer**; // here *S* is local variables

Begin

S ← *Nbr_Div* (*n*);

If (*S* = 2) **then**

write (*n*, “is a prime number”);

```

Else
    write (n, "is not a prime number");
Endif
End;

Function F_Prime (n: integer): boolean; // here, "n" is a formal parameter.
Variable S: integer; // here S is local variables
Begin
    S ← Nbr_Div (n);
    If (S = 2) then
        F_Prime ← true;
    Else
        F_Prime ← false;
    Endif
End;

BEGIN
    Write ("Enter a number"); Read (n);
    // Procedure call
    P_Prime (n); // here, "n" is an effective parameter.
    // Function call
    Bool ← F_Prime(n); // here, "n" is an effective parameter.
    If (Bool = true) then
        Write (n, "is a prime number");
    Else
        Write (n, "is not a prime number");
    End if
END.

```

5. local and global variables, formal and effective parameters (in main algorithm) **(2 pts)**

Exercise n°02:**(10 points)**

```
#include <stdio.h>
void ACQUIRE( int *);
int Fact( int);
void READ_VECTOR (int[], int N);
void CALCULATE_VALUES(int [], int [], int N);
void DISPLAY_TABLE ( int [], int [], int N); (1 pts)
main(){
int X[50]; /* values of X */

int V[50]; /* values of F(X) */

int Nb;

ACQUIRE(&Nb); /* 1 <= Number <= 50 */

READ_VECTOR(X, Nb);

CALCULATE_VALUES(X, V, Nb);

DISPLAY_TABLE(X, V, Nb);

(2 pts)
}

void ACQUIRE( int *N) (1 pts)
{do{

printf ( "Enter an integer between 1 and 50: ");

scanf ("%d",N);

} while ((*N<1)||(*N>50));

}

void READ_VECTOR ( int T[], int N) (1 pts)
{int i;

printf ( "Enter %d real numbers:\n", N);

for (i=0; i<N; i++)

scanf ( "%f", &T[i]);

}

int Fact( int X) (2 pts)
{ if (X==0)

return 1;

else

return X*F(X-1);

}
```

void CALCULATE_VALUES(int X[], int V[], int N) **(2 pts)**

```
{  
int i;  
for (i=0; i<N; i++)  
    V[i] = F(X[i]);  
}
```

void DISPLAY_TABLE(int X[], int V[], int N) **(1 pts)**

```
{int i;  
printf ( "\nX: ");  
for (i=0; i<N; i++)  
    printf ( "%d", X[i]);  
printf ( "\nFact(X): ");  
for (i=0; i<N; i++)  
    printf ( "%d", V[i]);  
}
```