

Exo 1

$$Z_1 = \int_{n_x, n_y, n_z=1}^{\infty} e^{-\beta E}$$

1 point

$$= \int_0^{\infty} \int_0^{\infty} \int_0^{\infty} e^{-\frac{\beta \pi^2 \hbar^2}{2m} \left(\frac{n_x^2}{L_1^2} + \frac{n_y^2}{L_2^2} + \frac{n_z^2}{L_3^2} \right)} dn_x dn_y dn_z$$

1 point

$$= \int_0^{\infty} dn_x e^{-\frac{\beta \pi^2 \hbar^2}{2m} \frac{n_x^2}{L_1^2}} \int_0^{\infty} dn_y e^{-\frac{\beta \pi^2 \hbar^2}{2m} \frac{n_y^2}{L_2^2}} \int_0^{\infty} dn_z e^{-\frac{\beta \pi^2 \hbar^2}{2m} \frac{n_z^2}{L_3^2}}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{\pi 2m L_1^2}{\beta \pi^2 \hbar^2}} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{\pi 2m L_2^2}{\beta \pi^2 \hbar^2}} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{\pi 2m L_3^2}{\beta \pi^2 \hbar^2}}$$

$$= \frac{1}{8} L_1 L_2 L_3 \left(\frac{2m\pi}{\beta \pi^2 \hbar^2} \right)^{3/2} = \frac{L_1 L_2 L_3}{8} \left(\frac{2m k_B T}{\pi \hbar^2} \right)^{3/2}$$

3 points

on pose $L_1 L_2 L_3 = V$

~~WAVES~~

~~$$Z_1 = \frac{1}{2^3} \left(\frac{2m k_B T}{\pi \hbar^2} \right)^{3/2} \frac{V}{8}$$~~

$$= \frac{V}{2^3} \left[\frac{2m k_B T}{\pi \cdot \frac{\hbar^2}{4\pi^2}} \right]^{3/2} = \frac{V}{2^3} \left[8 m k_B T \pi \right]^{3/2}$$

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$$= \frac{V}{2^3} \left(\frac{2}{\pi} \right)^{3/2} (m k_B T \pi)^{3/2}$$

$$\Rightarrow Z(1) = V \left(\frac{2\pi m k_B T}{h^2} \right)^{3/2}$$

$$Z(N) = \frac{V^N}{N!} \left(\frac{2\pi m k_B T}{h^2} \right)^{3N/2} \quad \xrightarrow{\text{2 points}} \quad = \frac{V^N}{N! \cdot h^{3N}} \left(2\pi m k_B T \right)^{3N/2}$$

$$F = -k_B T \log Z(N)$$

$$\xrightarrow{\text{2 points}} = -N k_B T \left\{ 1 + \ln \frac{V}{N} \left(\frac{2\pi m k_B T}{h^2} \right)^{3/2} \right\}$$

on a calculé la f strength

$$S = - \frac{\partial F}{\partial T} \Big|_{V,N} \quad \xrightarrow{\text{2 points}} = N k_B \left\{ \frac{5}{2} + \ln \left[\frac{V}{N} \left(\frac{2\pi m k_B T}{h^2} \right)^{3/2} \right] \right\}$$

$$U = F + TS = \boxed{\frac{3}{2} N k_B T}$$

$\xrightarrow{\text{2 point}}$

$$C_V = \frac{\partial U}{\partial T} = \boxed{\frac{3}{2} N k_B}$$

$\xrightarrow{\text{1 point}}$

EX02.

H pour N. oscillateurs

$$H = \sum_i \frac{p_i^2}{2} + \frac{x_i^2}{2}$$

1 point

$$\omega = \int_{H \leq E} d^N p \cdot d^N x = \int \prod_{i=1}^N \frac{p_i^2}{2} + \frac{x_i^2}{2} \leq E$$

$$= \int \prod_{i=1}^N d p_i \dots d p_N d x_1 \dots d x_N$$

$$\sum_i p_i^2 + x_i^2 \leq 2E$$

$$= \int \prod_{i=1}^{2N} d z_i \quad \text{with} \quad \sum_{i=1}^{2N} z_i^2 \leq 2E$$

$$= \frac{\pi^{\frac{2N}{2}} (2E)^{\frac{2N}{2}}}{\Gamma(\frac{2N}{2} + 1)} = \left[\frac{\pi^N (2E)^N}{\Gamma(N+1)} \right] \quad \text{3 points}$$

$$\Omega = \frac{1}{h^N} \frac{\partial \omega}{\partial E} \bigg|_{h=1}$$

$$\Rightarrow \Omega = \frac{N \pi^N (2E)^{N-1} \cdot 2}{\Gamma(N+1)} = \left[\frac{\pi^N (2E)^N}{E \Gamma(N)} \right] \quad \text{2 points}$$

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