People’s Democratic Republic of Algeria

Ministry of Higher Education and scientific research

University of L’Arbi Ben Mhidi -OEB-

Faculty: Faculty of Exact Sciences, natural and life sciences

Department: Department of Natural and Life Sciences

Module: Scientific English Name:………………….

Parasitology

***First term exam***

Exercise one: There are four steps to follow in order to have a good presentation. Give a brief definition about each one.

* Plan: Preparation (planning) is the first step in giving a successful presentation. • Aspects: o Purpose o Audience o Structure.

Gives your presentation a focus, the things to think about during preparation. Audience Analysis: o In what is the audience interested? o What does the audience want?

Don’t forget to prepare with the allotted presentation time in mind. If you don’t know how long you have, find out. (1)

* Prepare: Carefully design and master this while practicing • Good first impression • Rehearse well, but use natural speech and no reading from notecards or computer o Get attention

Visual Aids(1)

* Practice: Nonverbal Communication • Be active o Move around rather than stand stiffly in one spot • Controlled gestures o Hand movements o Playing with hair

Verbal Communication • Speak naturally, not too quickly or too slowly: Clear, audible • Variations in tone and pitch of voice • Talk to the audience, not just in front of them(1)

* Present: How to Channel Nervous Energy into Positivity • Prepare thoroughly • Breathe deeply and slowly (activity) o concentrate on delivering your message to your audience • Use gestures and facial expressions as a way of converting nervous fear to positive enthusiasm. o Enthusiasm is a positive form of nervous energy(1)

Exercise two: Fill in the gaps with the right word/ words:

Hosts- nutrients- Parasitic infections- parasitic diseases- exploit- infect- combat parasitic

Parasitology is the scientific study of parasites, which are organisms that live in or on other organisms hosts and derive their nutrients. At the expense of the host. Parasitic infections have been known to humans since ancient times. Early civilizations, including the Egyptians, Greeks, and Romans, documented observations of parasitic diseases In humans and animals. Parasites have evolved a wide range of adaptations to exploit their hosts.

Exercise three: Say whether these statements are true or false.

1. Protozoa are not single-celled microscopic organisms that can be parasitic false
2. Helminths are parasitic worms, and they come in various forms. true
3. Certain bacteria and viruses can be considered parasitic when they infect host cells and rely on the host's machinery for replication. False
4. Parasitic fungi can infect plants, animals, and even other fungi. True
5. Parasites are organisms that live on or inside other organisms, known as hosts, and derive their sustenance from these hosts. TRue
6. Ectoparasites parasites live on the exterior of their host. Common examples include lice, ticks, and fleas that infest the skin. True

Exercise four: Match each phrasal verb with its meaning

* Go on -to examine something
* break down -to relax
* check out -to make someone happy
* calm down -to continue
* cheer up -to stop working

Best of luck 💕 😊

 