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Correction of TheEnglish Language Exam

Level : Third year

Exercise01: Choose the correct answer: (4pts)

- 1) Call around
 - a. Standing up from a chair
 - b. Moving from one place to another
 - c. **Contact multiple people**

- 2) Call off
 - a. Calling someone
 - b. **Cancel**
 - c. Depending on

- 3) check out
 - a. **Verifying a person or thing**
 - b. Getting out of a place
 - c. Being careful of something

- 4) Scanning is:
 - a. reading rapidly in order to get a general overview of the material.
 - b. **reading a text quickly in order to find specific information, e.g. figures or names.**
 - c. Placing a text in its historical, biographical, and cultural contexts.

Exercise 02: Find the **PARTICIPLE** in each sentence: (3pts)

- a. **Removing his coat**, Jack rushed to the river.
- b. Do not waste time staring at a **closed** door.
- c. The **wrecked** car was totaled.
- d. A **laughing** man is stronger than a **suffering** man.
- e. If you pick up a **starving** dog and make him prosperous, he will not bite you.
- f. The only thing that comes to a **sleeping** man is dreams.

Exercise 03: Mention and define the six Reading strategies. (6pts)

Previewing simply means looking over your reading material in order to become familiar with its content before you actually begin reading it.

Scanning is reading a text quickly in order to find specific information, e.g. figures or names.

Skimming is reading rapidly in order to get a general overview of the material.

Contextualizing is Placing a text in its historical, biographical, and cultural contexts.

By **deep reading**, we mean the array of sophisticated processes that propel comprehension and that include inferential and deductive reasoning, analogical skills, critical analysis, reflection, and insight.

Critical reading is the process of reading texts with the purpose to understand them fully.

Exercise 04: Link each Proverb with its meaning (3pts)

1. Don't judge a book by its cover	a. People who are similar spend time together
2. Birds of a feather flock together	b. What you do is more important than what you say
3. Easy come, easy go	c. If something takes time to do, it doesn't help to constantly check on it. You just have to give it time.
4. A watched pot never boils	d. Don't put all of your hopes and resources into one goal or dream
5. Don't pull all your eggs in one basket	e. When you make money quickly, it's very easy to lose it quickly as well
6. Actions speak louder than words.	f. Don't judge someone or something by appearance alone

Exercise 05: Give two Proverbs and an example of each one. (2pts)

PROVERB	MEANING	EXAMPLE
A watched pot never boils	If something takes time to do, it doesn't help to constantly check on it. You just have to give it time.	"I know you think he's going to be a great guitar
Actions speak louder than words.	What you do is more important than what you say	"Don't just tell me you're going to change. Do it! Actions speak louder than words."

Exercise 06: Give two phrasal verbs and, explain them , and provide an example for each (2pts)

Phrasal verb	Meaning	Example
call around	contact multiple people	Roy called around to find a nearby mechanic.
Back up	support or defend someone	When the class was making fun of me, only the teacher backed me up.
call off	cancel	We called the party off. / We called off the party.
clean up	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• be extremely successful in an endeavor, such as business, sports, or gambling.• clean a general area	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Her boss said she had to either clean up or find a new job.• John cleaned up the living room.
come around	change an opinion or see a new point of view	I never liked seafood, but came around after trying fried calamari.
count on	rely or depend on	If I'm ever making a mistake, I can count on my friends to warn me.