

Model Answers

Linguistics:

Task 1: A- (0.5 each = 5pts)

Word Formation Processes	Word Formation Processes
1. Compounding	6. Tone placement/change/shift
2. Conversion	7. Clipping
3. Blending	8. Cliticization
4. Eponym	9. Reduplication
5. Back-formation	10. Affixation. (Derivation is accepted)

B- It (they've)/ (She's) is an enclitic, because it attaches at the end of the word. (1pt)

Task 2: (2pts)

- 1- Acronym/ Initialism: Both are accepted /dʒɛɪpɛɡ/
- 2- Acronym
- 3- Acronym
- 4- Acronym

Task 3: (2pts)

- 1- False
- 2- False
- 3- False
- 4- True

Phonetics:

Task 1 : (4.5 pts)

1___d. none of the above (1pt)

2___a. [k] : [ŋ](1 pt)

3___d. street – spray, a. coat – gate, c.wink- wrinkle (1.5 pts) 0.5 each

4- c. A phoneme is a mental sound unit; allophones are its different pronunciations. (1 pt)

Task 2: (2.5 pts)

- a) A voiced labiodental fricative : Phonetic symbol: /v/ Examples: van, very

b) A voiceless alveolar fricative : Phonetic symbol: /s/ Examples: sun, miss

c) QUESTION OMITTED

d) A voiceless glottal fricative: Phonetic symbol: /h/ Examples: hat, happy

e) A voiceless bilabial stop: Phonetic symbol: /p/ Examples: pen, apple

f) A voiceless dental fricative: Phonetic symbol: /θ/ Examples: think, bath

Task 3: (3pts)

1- /z/

2- /m/

3- /t/